

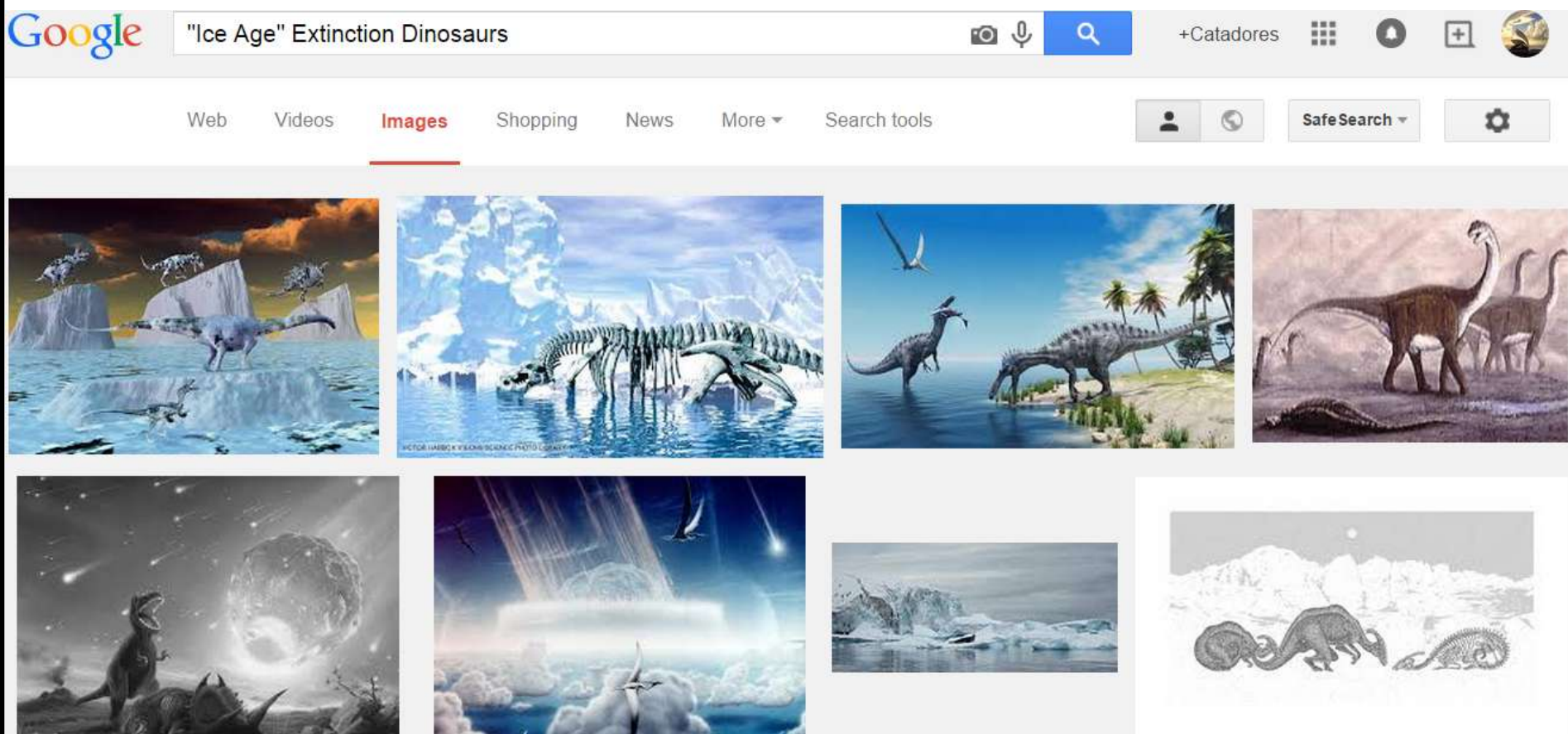
The Word and Science

1

The Waters Above (Part 2)...

June, 6, 2015

The First Ice Age – Was Global!



Gen. 2:5-6

...the Lord God had not caused it to rain upon the earth... But there went up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the ground.

Heb. 11:7

By faith [belief] Noah, being warned of God of things not seen as yet, moved with fear [respect], prepared an ark to the saving of his house; by the which he condemned the world, and became heir of the righteousness which is by faith [belief].

Amos 3:7

Surely the Lord God will do nothing,
but He revealeth His secret [“without
revealing His plan”, NIV] unto His
servants the prophets.





Gen. 6:17-18

And, behold, I, even I, do bring a flood of waters upon the earth... But with thee [Noah] will I establish my covenant; and thou shalt come into the ark, thou, and thy sons, and thy wife, and thy sons' wives with thee.

Ps. 104:6

Thou coveredst it with the deep as with a garment: the waters stood above the mountains.

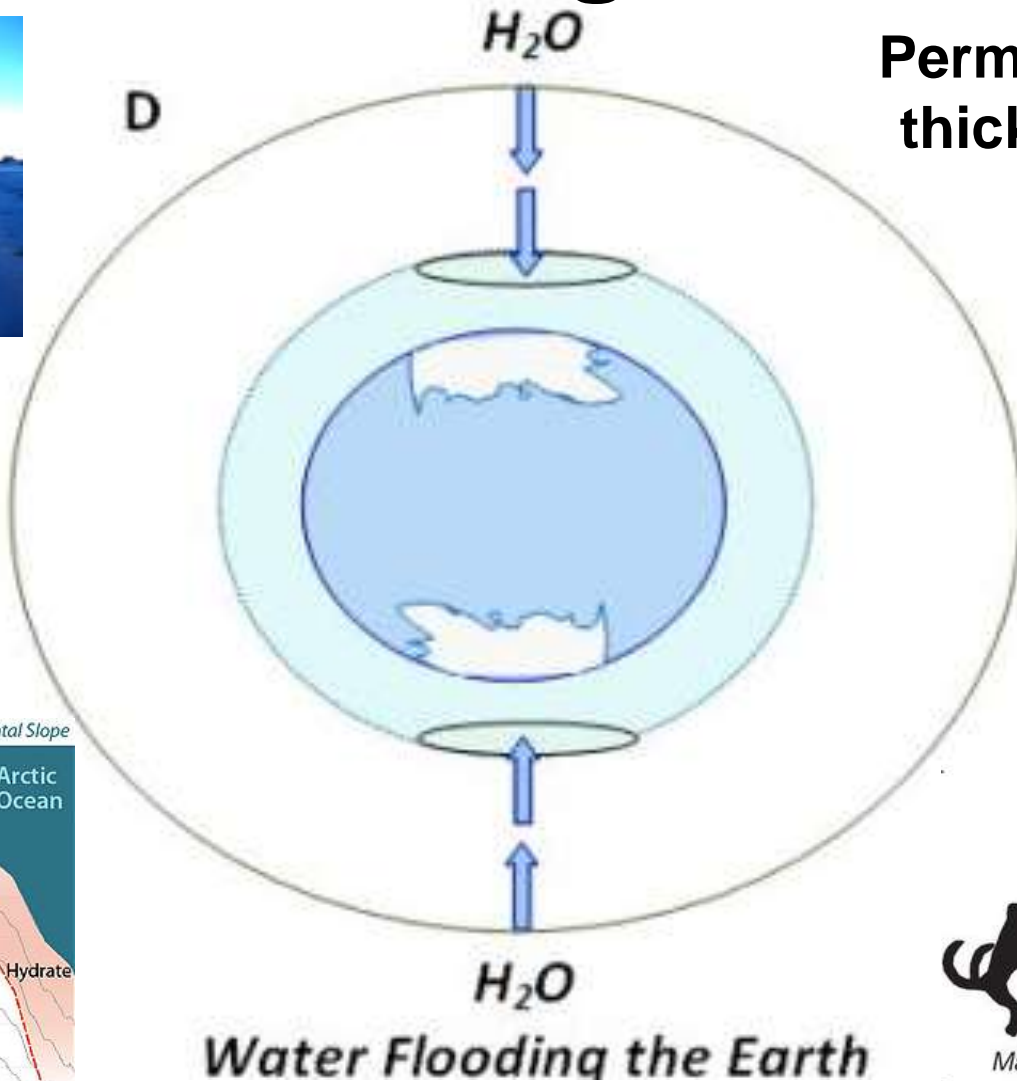


Genesis 7:11-12

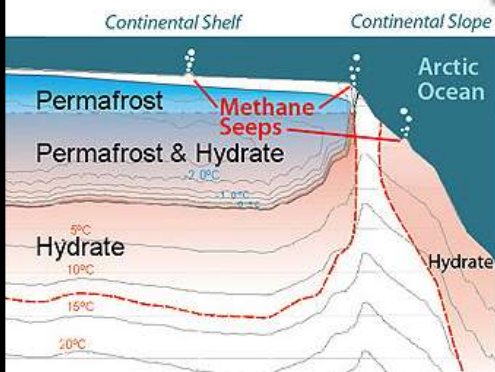
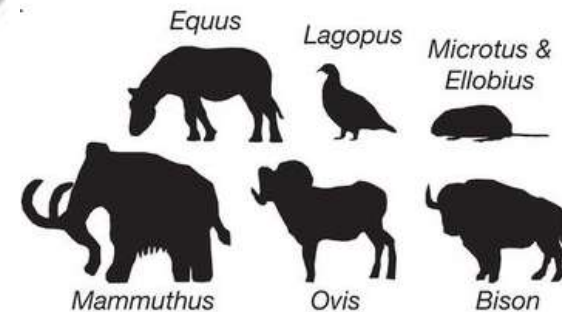
...the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. And the rain was upon the earth forty days and forty nights.

The Second Ice Age – Was Partial

Permafrost Thickest
thickness: < 1 Mile



PMC3271378



At the time of the flood in the days of Noah some of the waters that had come from the outer space since the extinction of the dinosaurs, found a barrier on our outer atmosphere and formed a "mono-layer" outside and around it, some call it "the canopy"; then, when the windows of heaven (arubbot, **floodgates**, chimneys, the **ozone holes**) were **opened** (pathach), the waters entered like a thick and huge waterfall through both of the poles, forming immediately the permafrost.





***Indricotherium* (Hornless Rhino)**



***Mammuthus columbi* (Mammoth)**



***Megatherium* (Giant Sloth)**



***Smilodon* (Saber-Toothed Tiger)**



Woolly Mammoth



Woolly rhinoceros



Cave bear



Giant deer

Europe and northern Asia



Australia

North America



South America



Columbian Mammoth



Mastodon



Shasta ground sloth



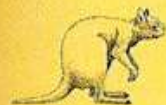
Giant ground sloth



Yesterday's Camel



Saber-tooth cat



Short-faced kangaroo



Marsupial lion



Giant short-faced kangaroo



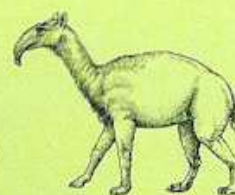
Diprotodon



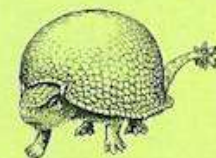
Giant kangaroo



Notoungulate



Litoptern



Glyptodon

NOAH'S ARK THE EVIDENCE

The Bible, The Flood, Gilgamesh
& the Mother Goddess origins

Untying the Knot
of the Gordurian Mountains

By David Allen Deal

MONDAY, JULY 27, 2009

Read this New Book: Noah's Ark and the Earth: REBUILT



To obtain a copy, please visit <www.manariwa.com>.

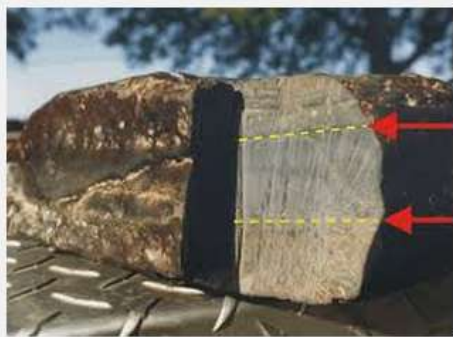
I. About the Book

Imaging Noah's Ark and the Earth's Past

Vincent Marcos Ragay

Gen. 6:14

Make thee an ark of **gopher wood** [already petrified wood!]; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch.

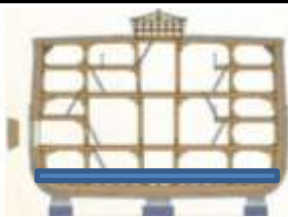




תבת

“**Ark**” (*tebah*) is an obscure term that is only used again for the basket that carried baby Moses (Exod. 2:3). They were physically very different, but they had a similar function, so it could mean something like “lifeboat.” The Bible does not specify the shape of the ark but only its length, breadth, and height — the most basic information for any ship. To a ship designer, these dimensions are immediately recognizable — just like a modern cargo ship. **150 x 50 x 30 Cubits [Egyptian, 20.62 in a cubit]**

קנים



“Rooms” (*qen*) means “nests” in the rest of the Bible and there is no reason to avoid it here. As nests, it would be inappropriate to imagine animals lined up on display or herded together in huge stalls. Neither option would suit animal transport, anyway. Instead, we should be thinking of snug, **private enclosures** where an animal would like to hide and bed down.

Noah's Ark: Thinking Outside the Box

כפר



Tim Lovett

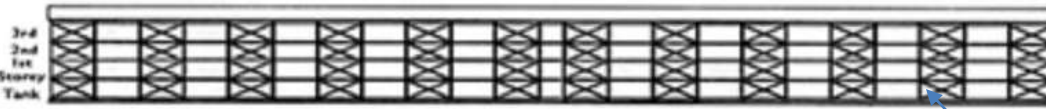
New Leaf Publishing Group, Mar 1, 2008 - Religion

- 80 pages

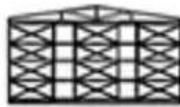


“Pitch” (*kopher*) means “ransom,” but is uniquely called pitch here, probably from the root word *kapher* (to cover). Noah also applied pitch to the inside of the ark — perhaps as a preservative during the long construction process or to make the interior more resistant to fungal attack. Pitch was traditionally **made from tree gum**, producing an amber-colored resin that was glossy yet tacky. Alternatively, Noah may have used bitumen if God arranged pre-Flood oil deposits, but this would give a black interior.

Basic Frame Design of Noah's Ark



Elevation View



End View



Queen Mary



The United States

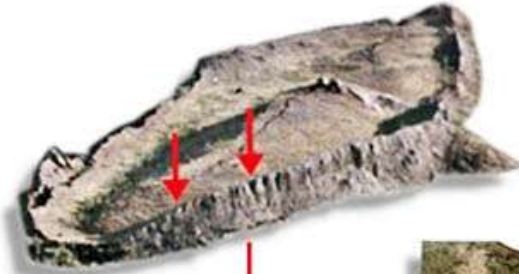


The Titanic

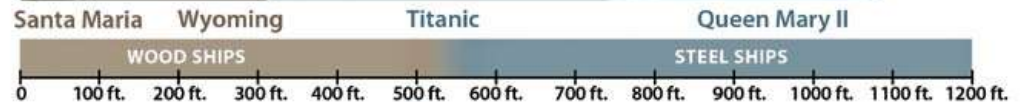


The Ark of Noah

516 ft Long, 86 ft Wide, 52 ft High

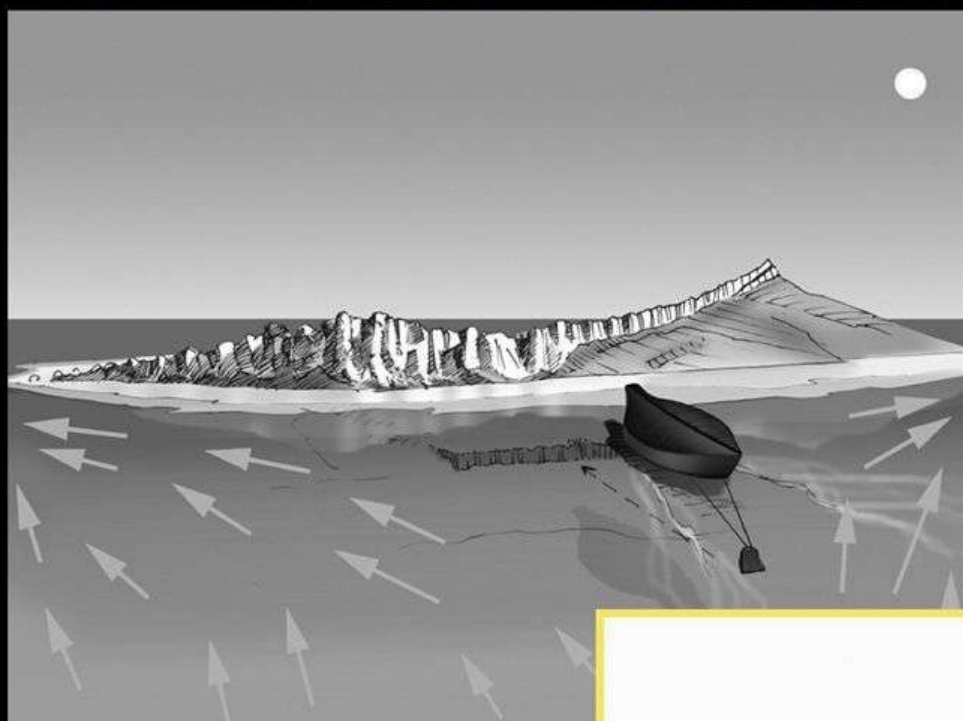


Ancient Timbers of Ark



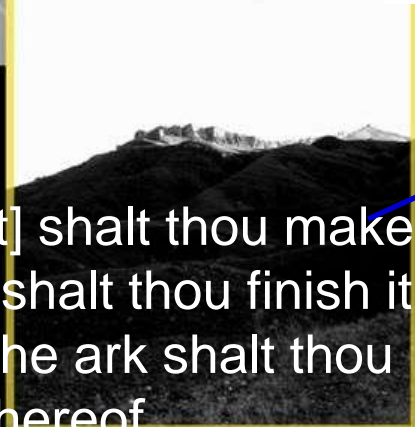
Noah's Ark

The Ark Lands on Mesha Island



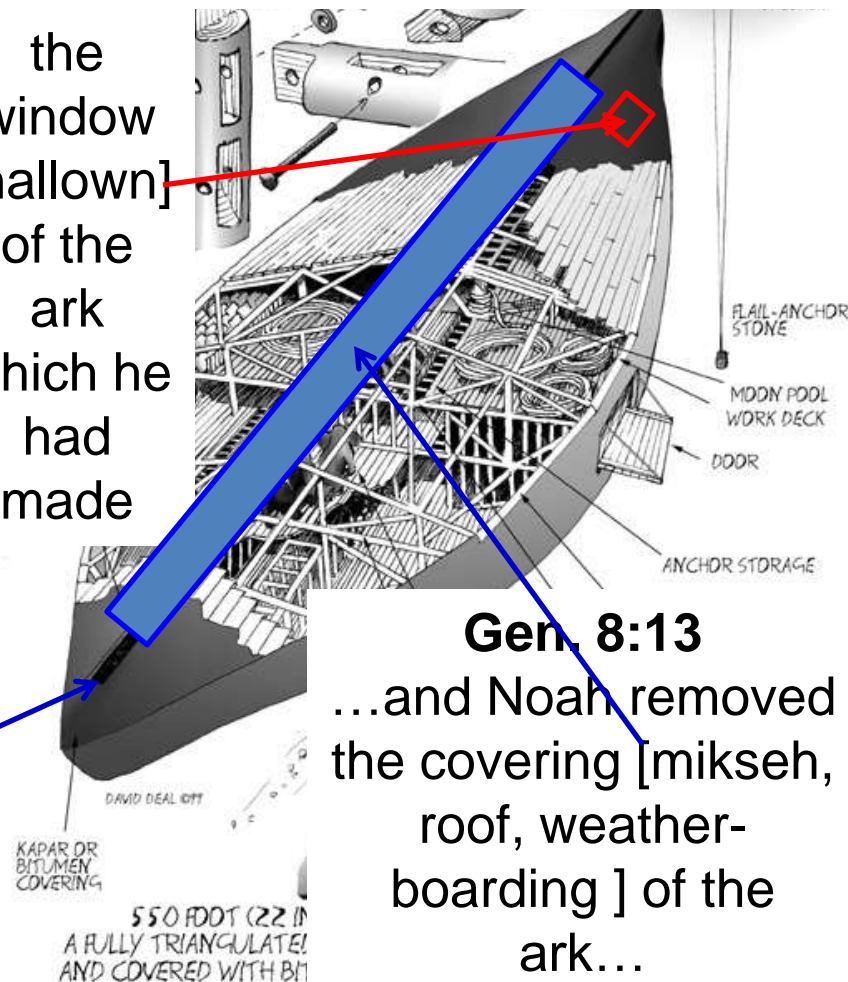
Gen. 6:16

A window [sohar, skylight] shalt thou make to the ark, and in a cubit shalt thou finish it above; and the door of the ark shalt thou set in the side thereof...



Gen. 8:6

And it came to pass at the end of forty days, that Noah opened the window [hallown] of the ark which he had made



Gen. 8:13

...and Noah removed the covering [mikseh, roof, weather-boarding] of the ark...

the Armenians
call this place* *Απογατηειον*, the *Place of Descent*; for the ark
being saved in that place, its remains are showed there by the
inhabitants to this day.

1 * This *απογατηειον*, or *place of descent*, is the proper rendering of the Armenian name of this very city. It is called in Ptolmey, *Naruana*, and by Moses Chorenensis, the Armenian historian, *Idsheuan*; but at the place itself, *Nachidsheuan*, which signifies *the first place of descent*; and is a lasting monument of the preservation of Noah in the ark, upon the top of that mountain, at whose foot it was built, as the first city or town after the flood. See Antiq. B. xx. chap. ii. sect. 3. vol. ii. and Moses Chorenensis, p. 71, 72; who also says, p. 19, that another town was related by tradition to have been called ² *Seron*, or *the place of dispersion*, on account of the dispersion of Xisuthrus, or Noah's sons, from thence first made. Whether any remains of this ark be still preserved, as the people of the country suppose, I cannot certainly tell. Mons. Turnfort had not very long since a mind to see the place himself, but met with too great dangers and difficulties to venture through them.

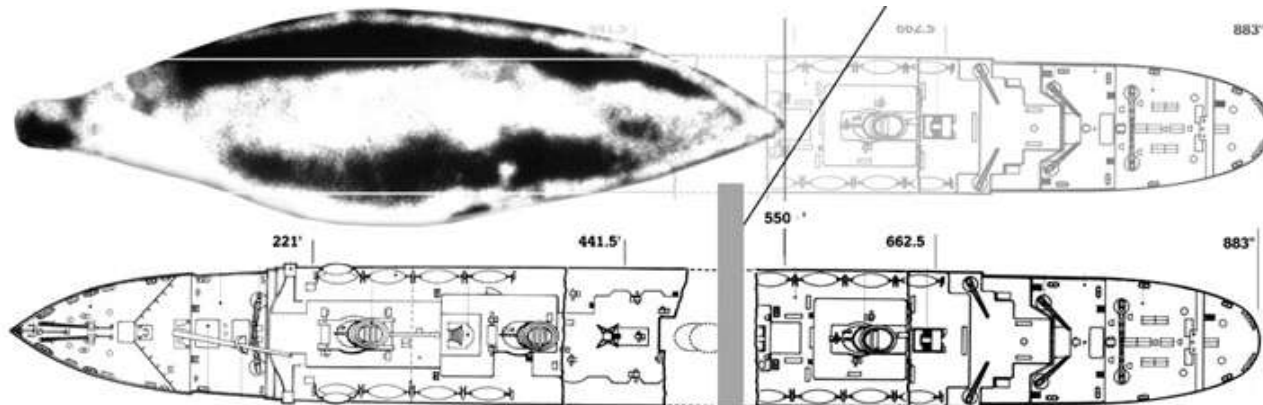
VOL. I.

Whiston, W. Josephus. Antiquities of the Jews. Vol. I Chap. III. Concerning the Flood... and afterwards dwelt in the *Plain of Shinar*, p. 17. 1822.

Ark Landing Site, 7,400 ft. Above Sea Level

MT MASHU - CORDU - CUDI DAGI

GILGAMESH'S "WALL OF HEAVEN"



§ 6. Now all the writers of barbarian histories make mention of this flood, and of this ark, and among them Berosus the Chaldæan. For describing the circumstances of the flood, he goes on thus:—"It is said, there is still some part of the vessel in Armenia, near the mountain of the Cordyæans,¹ and that some people carry off pieces of its bitumen, which they use as charms." Hieronymus the Egyptian also, who wrote the Phœnician Antiquities, and Mnaseas, and many more, make mention of the same. Nicolaus of Damascus, in his ninety-sixth book, gives the

¹ The Cordyæan Mountains separated Armenia from Assyria, and the name is preserved in *Kurds* and *Kurdistân*. Berosus probably alludes to the "Mountain of Nizir," or *Rowandiz*, on which the ark of the Chaldæan Noah rested.

Josephus. G. Bell and Sons, 1900.

² Josephus identifies the mountain upon which the ark rested with the traditional Mount Ararat. For discussion on the more probable site to the south, see Smith's "Dictionary of the Bible," "Ararat."



Nakhchivan









The Landing Place of Noah's Ark




 The Wall of Heaven



 The Landing Place of Noah's Ark

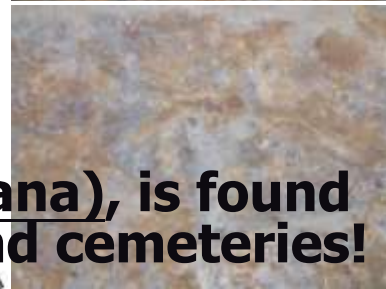
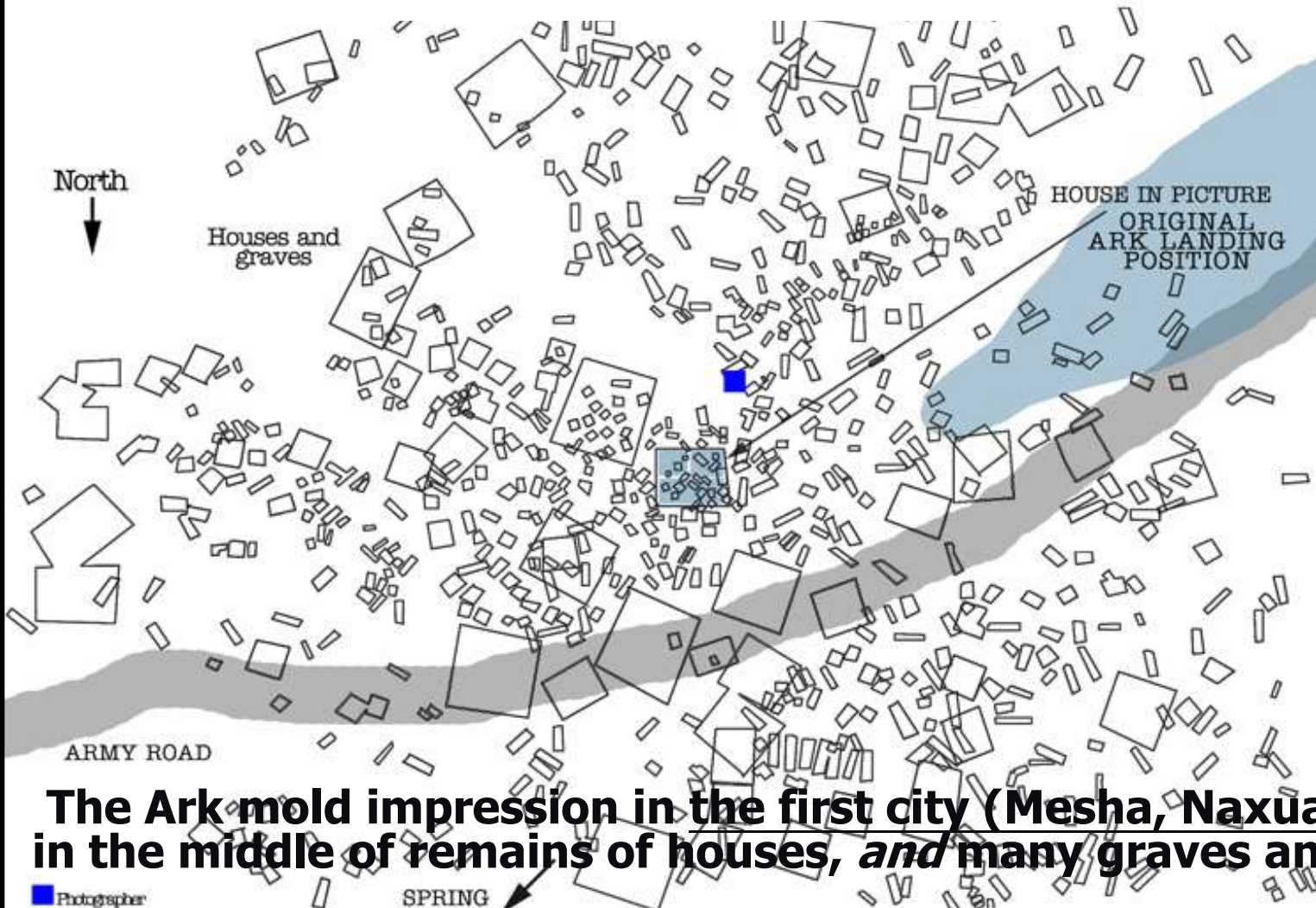


 The Plateau at the Wall of Heaven



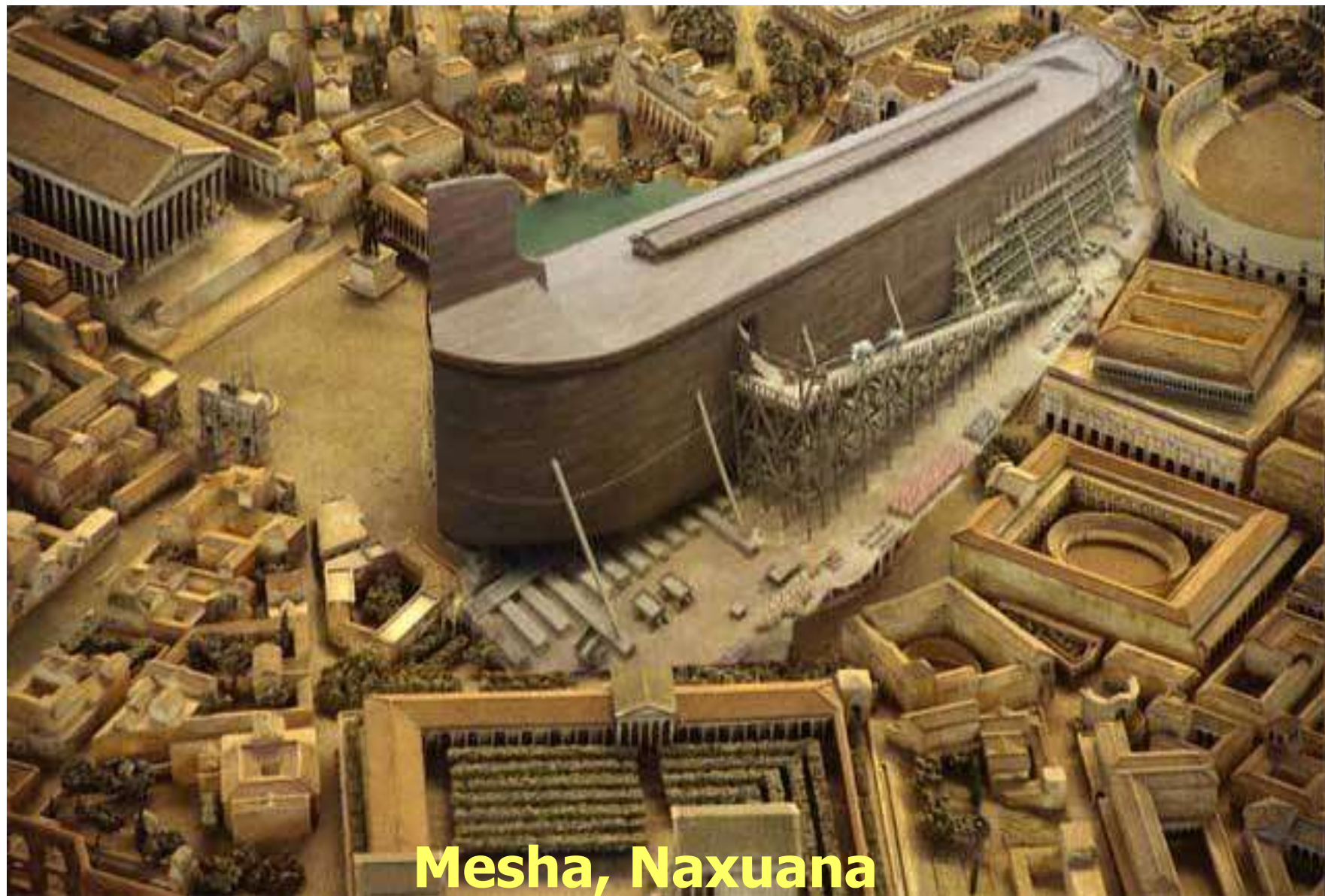
 The Wall of Heaven

Mesha Naxuan center of old city near ark landing site.



The Ark mold impression in the first city (Mesha, Naxuana), is found in the middle of remains of houses, *and* many graves and cemeteries!

Photographer



Mesha, Naxuana

Noah's Ark

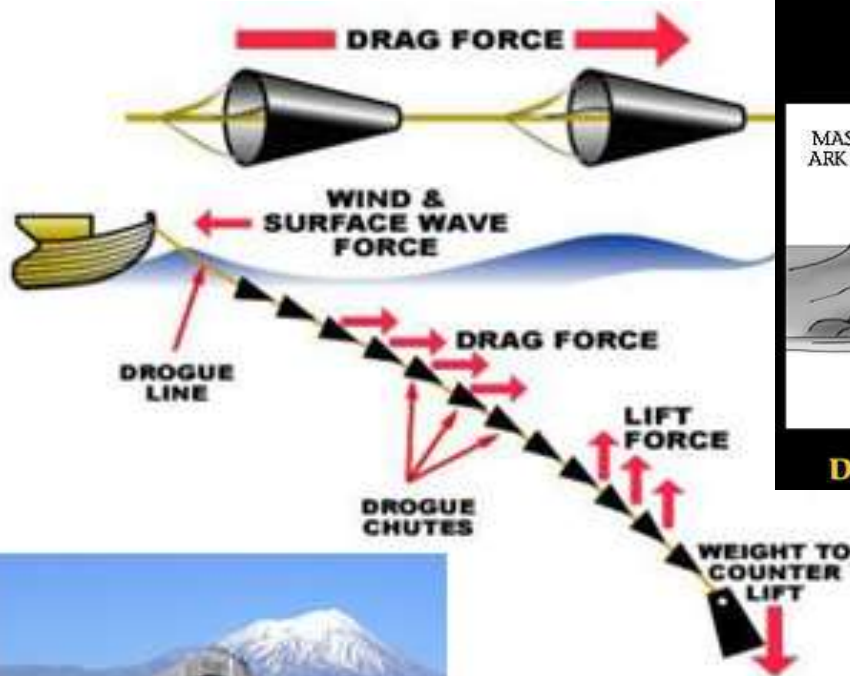
Gen. 8:4-5

And the ark rested in the seventh month, on the seventeenth day of the month, upon the mountains of Ararat. And the waters decreased continually until the tenth month: in the tenth *month* on the first *day* of the month, were the tops of the mountains seen.



ART & PHOTO BY DEAL © 2006





*"...the ark came to rest
in the mountains of Urartu."*

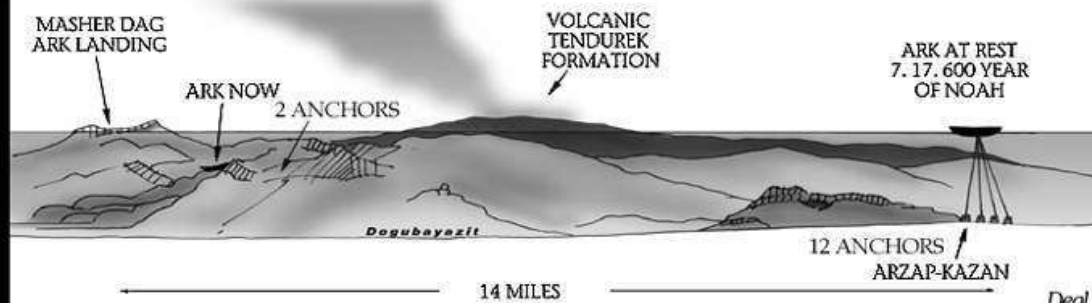


DIAGRAM LOOKING SOUTH INTO THE MOUNTAINS OF URARTU



How else could the Ark come to **rest** on the mountains of Ararat (Urartu) in the 7th month and the tops of the mountains not be **visible** for another 3 months! **ANCHORS!!!**

Anchor Stones at Arzap-Kazan

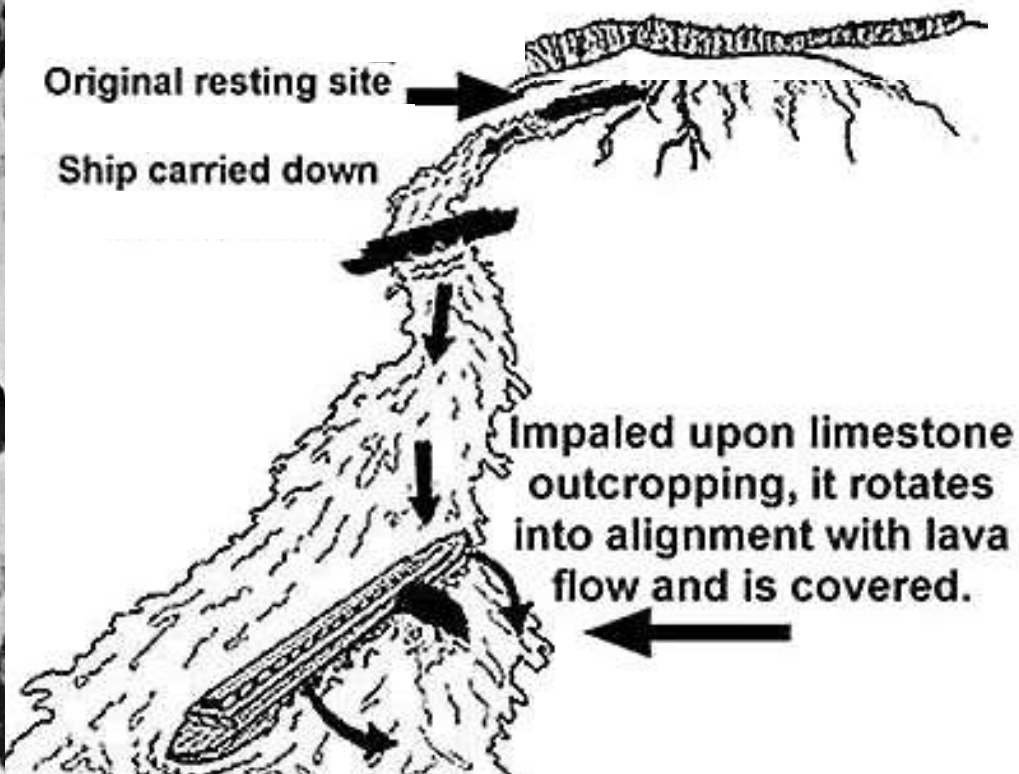




FROM THE AIR the ship-shaped outline lies in the center of a landslide on the slope of a mountain that is only 25 miles from the Russian border. The landslides are of recent origin, may have packed thick mud and stones around the strange form. The photo was shot by a Turkish aerial survey plane from 10,000 feet.

NOAH'S ARK?

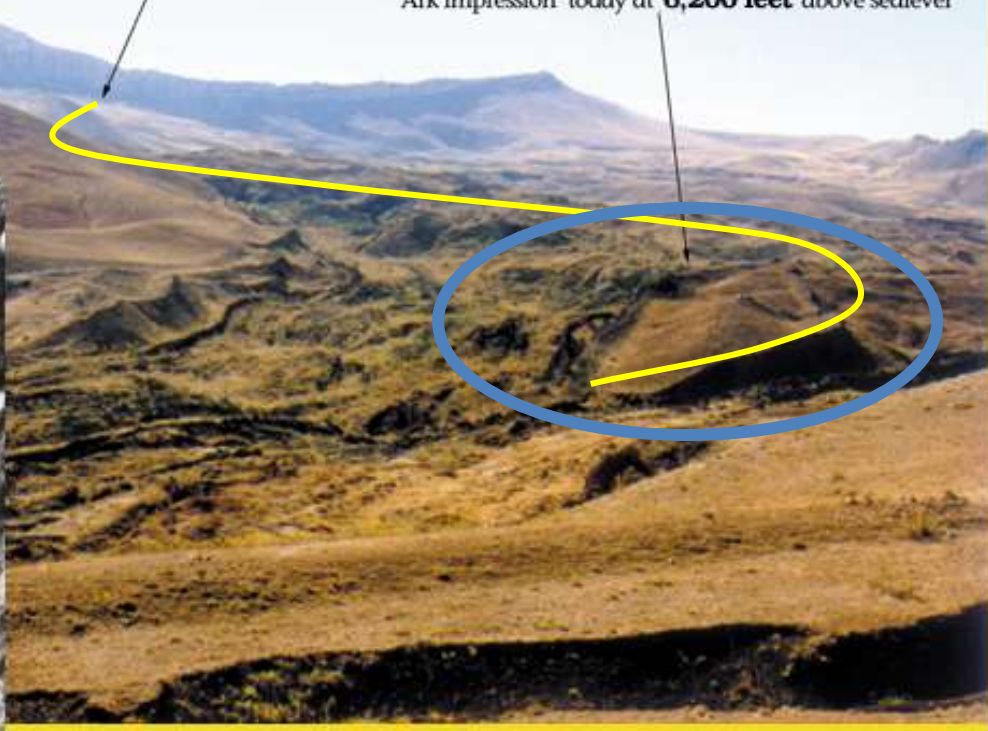
Boatlike form is seen near Ararat,



The landslide was most likely caused by earthquake and/or heavy rain!

Ark landing place and lost city of Naxuan at **7,400 feet** above sealevel.

Ark impression today at **6,200 feet** above sealevel

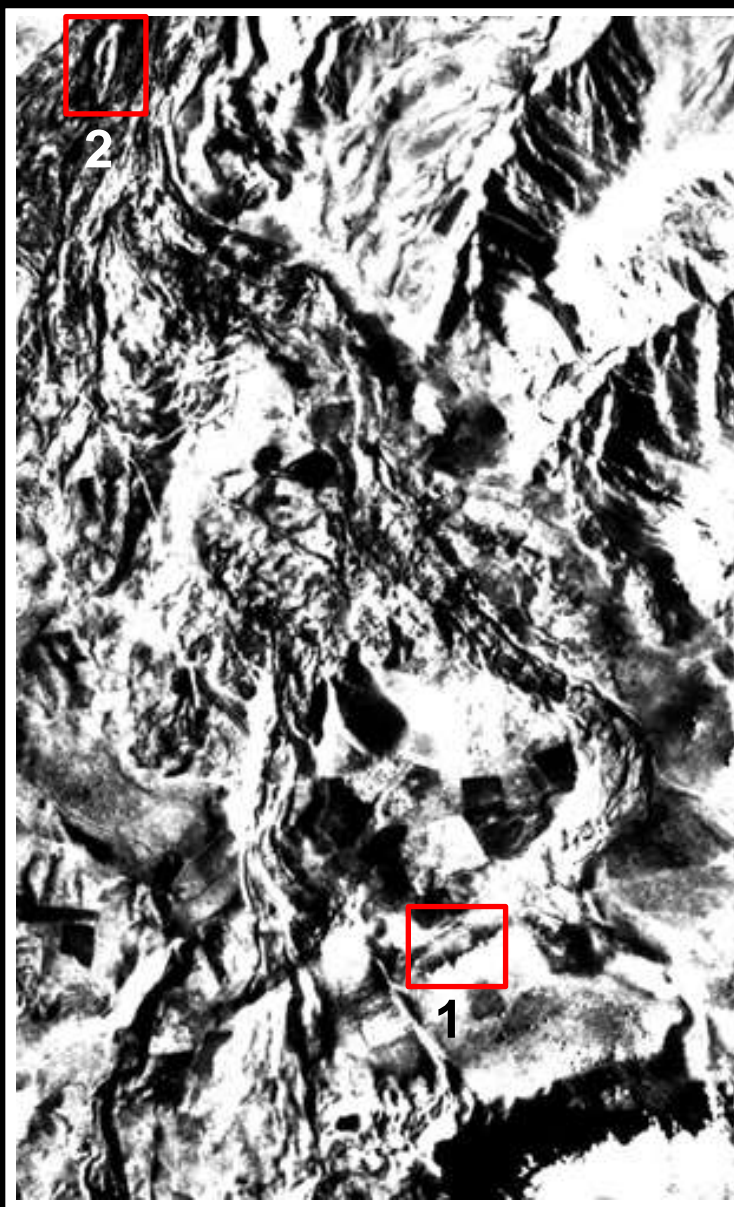


1959 Aerial of ark impression - Turkish Air Force Sevdet Kurtis

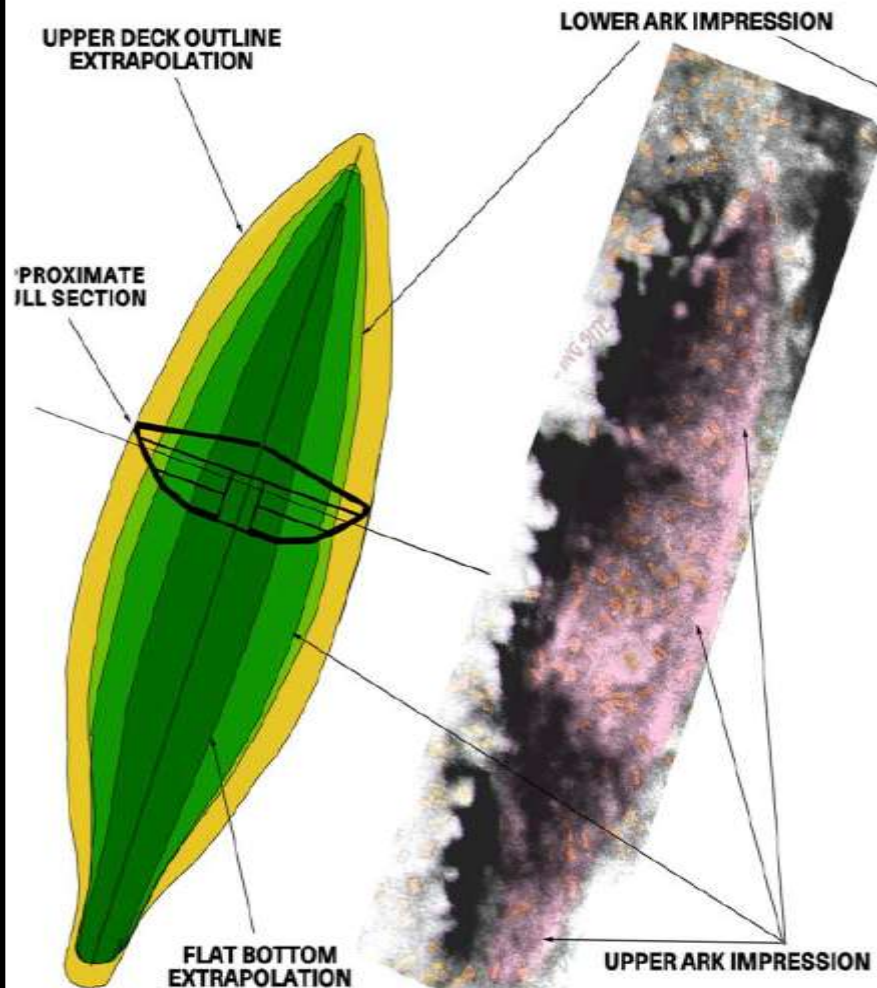








Analysis and Comparison of the Two Ark Impressions at Mt. Mashu / Ziyaret, Turkey




Courtesy of www.arkdiscovery.com

The western, starboard side of the ark boasts the most defined rib timbers, four of which are clearly visible above.

What would you expect a 4,500 year old boat hulk to look like? A boat that has been buried in a volcanic mud flow for the last 2,000 years? I don't know about you, but this is pretty much what I would expect.



Gen. 10:22, 30
 The children of
Shem... their
dwelling was
from Mesha [the
 same as Naxuan,
 Nachidsheuan],
 as thou goest
 unto Sephar a
 mount of the east.



**NO marine fossils in Mt. Ararat, vs
TONS of marine fossils in Mt.
Everest,
the
highest
peak on
earth!**

**Sediments containing fossils.
Formed at sea-level, now at
8.8 km above sea level**

**Metamorphosed
sediments. Formed at
sea-level, buried 15
kilometres below the
surface, now 6 km
above sea-level**

Nuh'un
Gemisi



Genesis 8:1-3

...and God made a wind to pass over the earth, and the waters assuaged; The fountains also of the deep and the windows of heaven were stopped, and the rain from heaven was restrained; And the waters returned from off the earth continually: and after the end of the hundred and fifty days the waters were abated.





Gen. 8:22

**While the earth remaineth, seedtime
and harvest, and cold and heat, and
summer and winter, and day and
night shall not cease.**

*Psalm 74:17 Thou
hast set all the borders of
the earth: thou hast made
summer and winter.*

A dramatic landscape photograph featuring a prominent rock formation on the left, a rainbow arching across the middle ground, and a lightning bolt striking the sky above. The scene is set against a dark, stormy sky with some clouds illuminated by the low sun.

Gen. 9:13

**I [God, Elohim] do set My bow in the cloud,
and it shall be for a token of a covenant
between Me and the earth.**

Kuiper Belt

The orange track represents a typical KBO orbit. Pluto's orbit is represented by the yellow ring.

Kuiper Belt

Job 38:22-23

Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow? or hast thou seen the treasures of the hail, Which I have reserved against the time of trouble, against the day of battle and war?

Oort Cloud

NOAH'S ARK NATIONAL PARK

Ark

**Visitors
Center**

ArkDiscovery.com

Man-made metal, petrified wood, biblical length, rib timbers, fibers, etc